







Previous research on leafy greens found:

--larger prices for vegetables during dry season: 3-4x wet season

--unpredictable rainfall increases vulnerability of rainfed vegetables

Only few % Ugandan crops irrigated

- •Farmers interested: but capacity for support (technical & social) is limited
- •Solutions very sitespecific: need technologies AND participatory processes so farmer design what they need.
- Role of women often overlooked







# **Project goals**

**Develop innovations** in small-scale irrigation for smallholder horticultural production— use participatory multi-stakeholder research platform evaluate market, economic, agronomic impacts

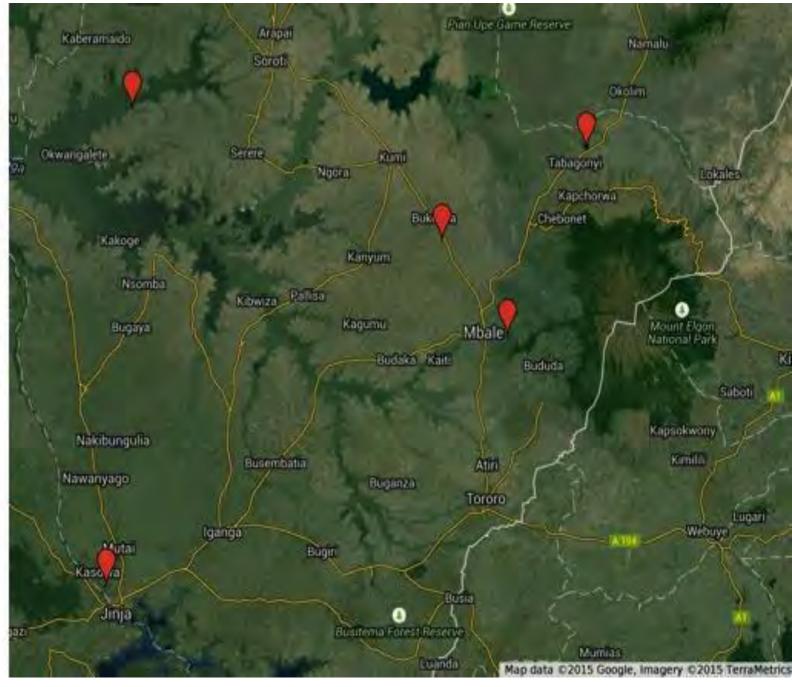
**Identify constraints and solutions** for engagement of women farmers in all aspects

**Strengthen irrigation capacity** among farmers and support organizations (--extension, NGOs, university and vocational school students, industry)

Eastern Uganda



Working farmer group and access to some markets



Primary innovation sites span broad range of hydrogeologic, soil and climatic subregions. Second tier satellite sites will expand approaches to other sites.

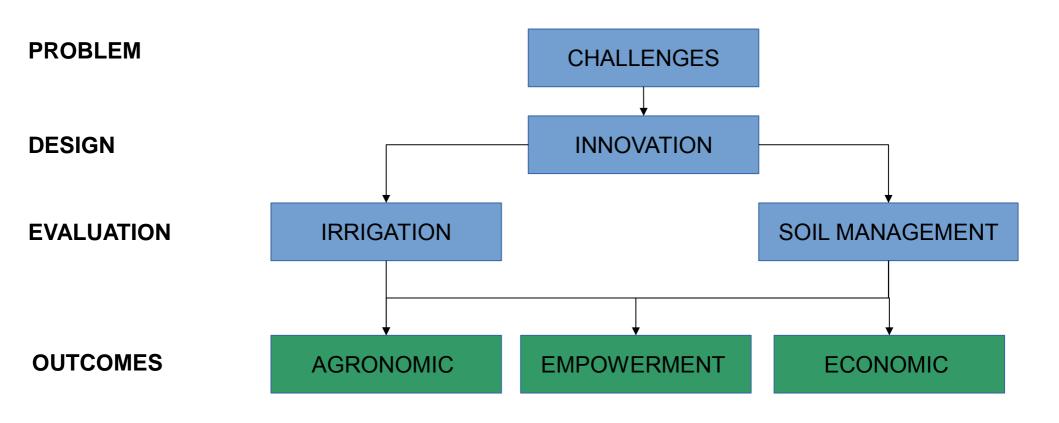


- Farmer group elects farmer committee (50/50 woman/man) to interface between farmer group and technical advisors



# **Project Elements**

- 1) Identifying local challenges for irrigation
- 2) Cultivating women's empowerment
- 3) Plot-level solutions & evaluation (agronomic, economic)



Held farmer focus groups: both mixed gender and all women



# Farmers identified major issues/challenges



### **Expected outcomes**

**Nutrition** 

Health

Income

Household Welfare / Harmony

### **Operations**

Labor (Requirement and Difficulty)

**O&M** Cost

**Capital Cost** 

Production

### **Enabling Environment**

Land Availability

Water Availability

**Finance** 

Market

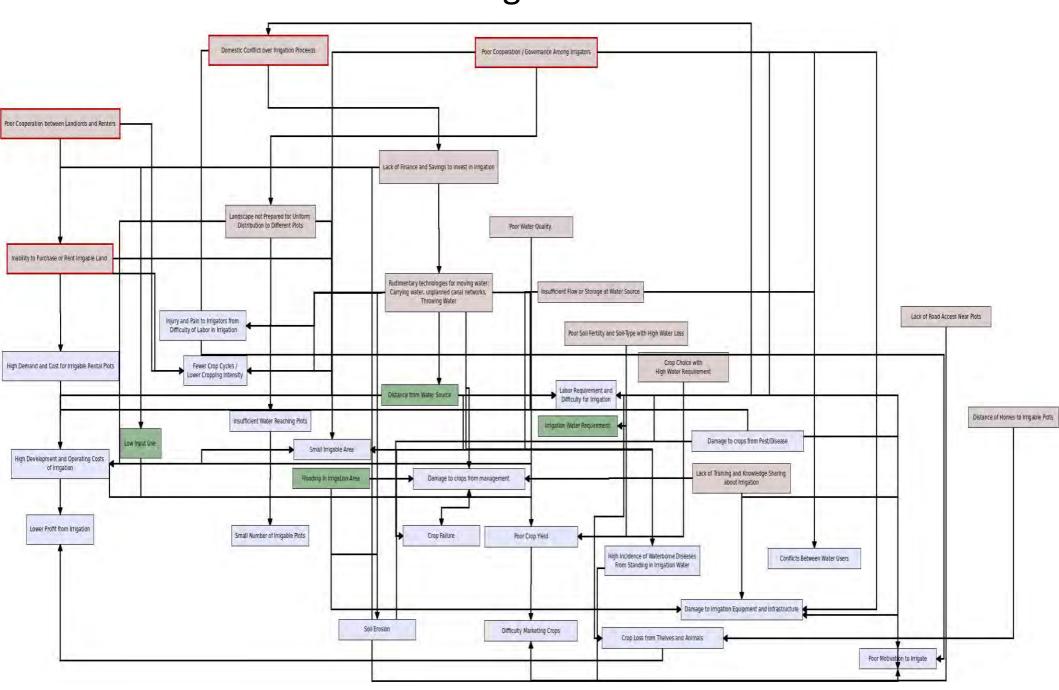
## **Working Conditions**

**User Cooperation** 

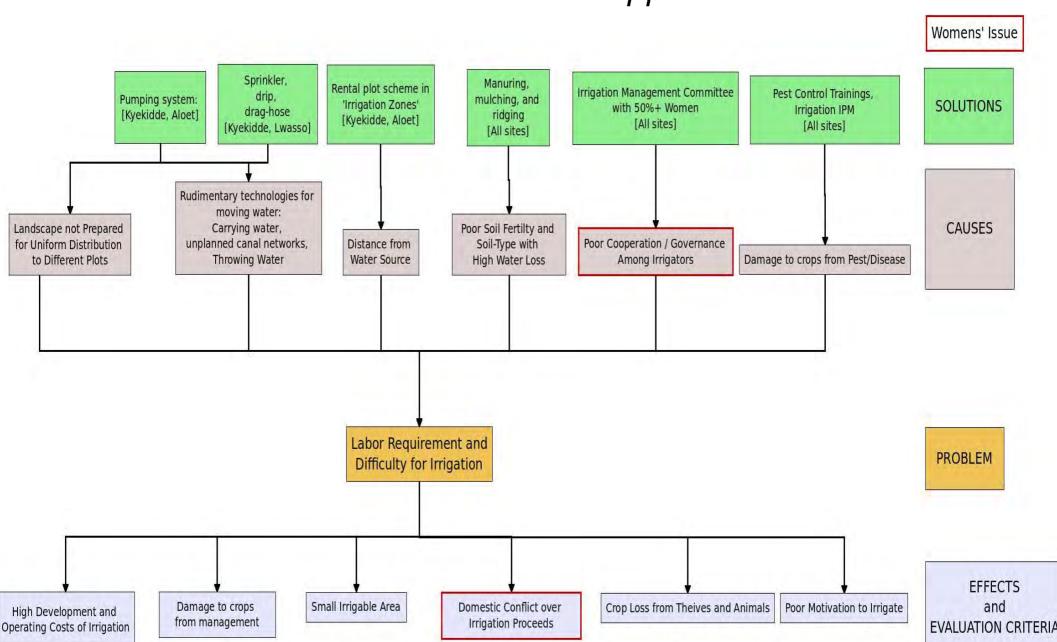
Farmers' Autonomy

**Knowledge & Motivation** 

# Mapped out challenges and solutions in implementing irrigation



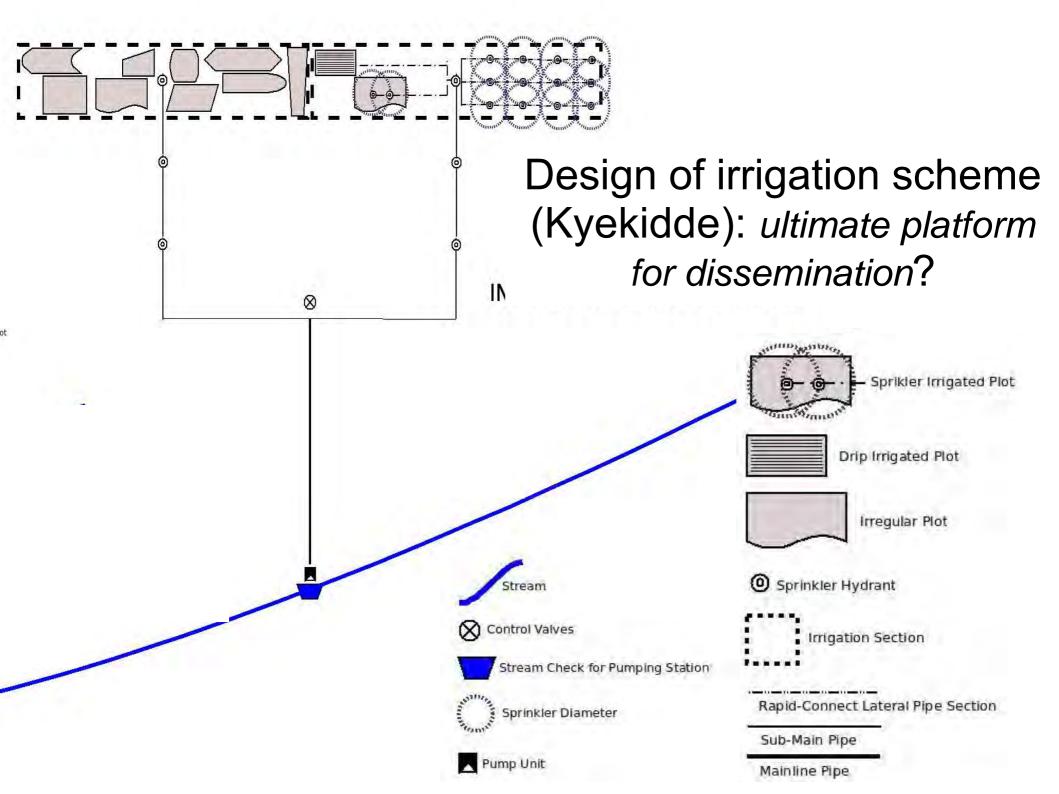
# Distillation into user-designed decision tree (for farmers and trainers). *Ultimate platform for dissemination?* App?



Dedicated innovation space at each site is test bed for farmer research Bring local university students too to learn

Participatory design is essential for identifying innovations—where farmers and technical experts converge





# Irrigation design realized at Kyekidde



# **Early results**

Land access (especially for women)

challenges: rental cost, eviction,

approaches: negotiated rents, group land rentals

### **Health**

challenges: disease, pain, & injury

approaches: ergonomics, reduce exposure

### **Technology:**

challenges: irrigable area, labor requirement, operating cost

approaches: pressurized systems, increase water efficiency

### Governance

challenges: mostly non-existent, water access disputes, no communal

investment

approaches: create irrigation committees: scheduling, duties, equity

# Scaling out

- •Field day w/District office led to implementation of our approach in District
- Action Aid interested in adoption of approaches
- Collaboration with Texas AM (USAID) applying their decision support tools to our sites and to scale to other locations
- •Identifying "satellite sites" to implement scaled down version



#### **Primary partners:**

- National Semi Arid Resources Research Institute (NaSAARI)
- Buginyanya Zonal Agriculture Research
  Development Institute (BugiZARDI): Research /
  development implementation in Eastern Uganda
- -Teso Womens Development Initiative (TEWDI-Uganda): NGO for empowering rural women
- Amelioration of Agricultural Risk (AMARI): NGO in smallholder irrigation design
- Busitema University: Student training, internships, network building, and opportunities to improve curriculum
- Irrigation technology companies



